

Crittenden Record-Press

No. 13

Marion, Crittenden County Kentucky, Thursday Morning, Oct. 11 1917

Vol. XXXX

FREAK RIVERS

Queer Streams Formed By Nature
In Many Parts Of The
Globe.

A river of ink is formed in Algeria by the union of two streams, the water of one being impregnated with iron and the other, which drains a great swamp, with garlic acid. This combination of iron and acid forms a pure ink. All rivers in Africa seek the ocean that is farthest away from their source.

In Siberia rivers flow over ice, old and solid as rock. A tributary of the Lena River has underneath the soil which forms the bed of the river a bed of pure ice more than nine feet thick. A freak of nature is the lost river in Kentucky. It is known as the Hidden River, because no one knows its origin and it vanishes into a cave leading to no one knows where. It flows without a ripple and is of a pale bluish color.

A singing well is one of the natural curiosities of Texas. In fine weather a sound like that of an aeolian harp is given out by the well. At times the sound is clear, then it recedes.

City Tax Notice.

City Taxes are now due. The penalty will come on in a few days. So come and settle.

G. E. BOSTON,
Oct 1st, 1917.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

Charley Thomas, aged 60 years living north of Fancy Farm, was instantly killed Friday on the farm of Rufe Willett when the top of a silo cutter flew off and struck him in the breast. Mr Thomas was standing by watching the machine grind the corn to be put in the silo, when the top of the machine flew off. The instrument struck him a terrific blow in the breast. The deceased was a well known farmer of that section. Burial occurred Saturday at the Fancy Farm cemetery. — Mayfield Messenger.

The October Bargain Rush.

Hundreds of people in this vicinity are subscribing to the Evansville Courier at the bargain rates, thus saving a precious dollar. While the regular price of The Courier daily by mail, on year, is \$5.00, the October bargain rate is \$4.00 and our people have the opportunity to secure one of the best and first of daily newspapers at a very reasonable price.

Subscriptions may be sent to The Courier direct or handed in at this office or to the postmaster.

WATSON-MOORE.

Mr. Jack G. Watson, age 25, of Carterville, Ill., and Miss Clara E. Moore, age 21, of Marion, were married at the court house here Wednesday by Judge M. P. Smith. The "newly weds" will make Carterville, Ill., their home. — Princeton Leader.

Box Supper at Post Oak.

Quite a number of people attended the box supper at Post Oak Friday night, and it proved to be one of the most enjoyable and entertaining affairs which have ever been held at that place. In addition to the folks of the immediate neighborhood, a number of people gathered from other communities, including several prominent young ladies and gentlemen from Marion.

The program was short but interesting and the crowd showed their approval of the recitations by the enthusiastic manner in which they cheered the reciters.

There were fourteen boxes of nice food which were sold to the highest bidders and a tidy little sum of money was realized which will all go for the improvement of the school.

As a fitting climax to the entertainment, a beautiful and delicious cake was brought forth and a beauty contest was held in order to see which girl should be adjudged the winner of the cake. The young ladies who participated in this contest were as follows: Miss Nancy Wynn, of Union county; Miss Annie Boston, of Marion; and Miss Anna Howerton, a well known young lady of her neighborhood.

The affair attracted a lot of attention from the crowd and it certainly proved to be a most interesting contest, first one and then another of the young ladies being in the lead during the progress of the race. When time was fully called and the contest brought to a close it was announced that Miss Annie Boston was victorious, having won the contest by a narrow margin over her nearest competitor, Miss Anna Howerton. It is certainly a fact that a good looking girl is not always victorious in a beauty contest, but such was not the case on Friday night, for Miss Boston is a nice looking and attractive young lady.

A Letter From Oregon.

Sept. 29, 1917.

S. M. Jenkins, Editor
Dear Sir and Friend.

Inclosed find \$1.00 to pay my subscription to your valuable paper to May 1st. We are having nice warm weather here now, we had a fine rain a day or two ago that started grass and fall wheat in fine shape, our outlook for a bumper crop next year is great.

Our fair was a success the displays of products was greatly appreciated by a large and much pleased people.

Our soldier boys are still leaving for the front, another consignment left today and more will follow soon, we have contributed about 150 so far, none of my boys have been called as yet but three are in the age limit and are expecting to be called at any time.

My self and wife are not in best of health but the rest of family are all well and strong.

My business is pretty good and am getting along as well as expected. Give my regards to all old friends.

Yours truly,
J. F. Bruce.

Weather Forecast.

For the week beginning Sunday, Oct. 7, 1917.

For Ohio Valley and Tennessee: Fair with temperature close to seasonal average. Short period of showers about middle of week. Warner first part, normal temperature.

Go to George W. Stone for your glasses in rims or rimless, any kind you want. His low prices will surprise you. Office hours 8 to 12 and 1 to 5 on Mondays and Saturdays. Other week days in the afternoon only. Office lower floor of Press Bldg.

Letter From Two Marion Soldier Boys.

Hattiesburg, Miss., Oct. 2, 1917.

Dear Editor:

Here comes a letter from two soldier boys from Marion, and we want just a little space in your paper.

People from other counties are making sweaters and little knitting boxes for the drafted men, but makes us feel bad to think that we Marion boys, who have given their service without being drafted, but we hope that there is a day coming when we Marion boys will have the pleasure of drilling these men. All we want is the want the people in Marion to do for us, is to remember us in prayer. We are boys that are willing to go to France and do our part, and then we hope there is a day coming when the good Lord will let us come back home.

We want the boys to know that the army life is just grand. We get plenty to eat and have good tents to sleep in, good bath houses and good officers. We are long gone to France, and while we are over there doing our best, we want the good people of Marion to pray for us.

If you have any papers to throw away, we would be glad to get them. We have all kinds of pleasure in the army. We go to the Y. M. C. A., read and write, and have service every Sunday.

If this misses the waste basket, we will write another letter when we get to France. Hoping you will print this letter.

James Byford
Forest Barnes.
Camp Shelby, 149th Inf., Hattiesburg, Miss., Byford & Barnes.

Two good soldiers.

Opossum Ridge Has Picnic.

On Friday Oct. 15th., The Opossum Ridge School loaded into a new wagon and took plenty of dinner and started to the pen-nacle for a picnic.

We had two trestly mules and a competent driver and with old glory floating over us, we formed a jolly crowd.

Such songs as America, Star Spangle Banner and Canning the Kaiser were sung, amid much laughing and talking.

We reached our destination after a hard climb, we found ourselves on top of the pinnacle viewing old Crittenden with a new interest.

After dinner several games were played with much pleasure and along late in the evening we began to grow tired and started for home. We reached home late that night tired but happy.

Mormon Church To Buy \$250,000 Liberty Bonds.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 7—The Mormon church today announced that \$250,000 of the tithing funds of the organization would be used to purchase liberty bonds. This is the first time in the history of the Mormon church that the tithing funds have ever been diverted for purposes outside the church.

Twelve thousand Latter Day Saints raised their right hand in the tabernacle this afternoon when the announcement was made and approved the action of the heads of the church.

WANTED

Someone to build and furnish a store for benefit of
Mines Five Mines to furnish in a radius of three mile
circle.

At forks of road. Daily
mail. Mines Starting New.

I have the Location.

Write me at once.

DAVID C. LOVELESS

Salem, Ky.

YOU KNOW WHAT A SOLDIER WANTS.

Good intentions do not go very far in time of war. Hell is paved with them. But the Young Men's Christian Association depends upon something more than good intentions. When our troops moved to the Mexican border, the Association knew just what to do and how to do it without any guess work. So it has become an institution in the Army.

In the first place its efficiency was masked. When we reached the Border, a secretary came asking for permission to erect an Association building. We gave permission—with mentors reservations, knowing the difficulties to be met in securing lumber. Within a few days the building was up! I don't know to this day where that lumber came from—out of the clear sky, I guess.

Then, too, the Association's organization is supreme. Its leadership was accurate in its understanding of our soldiers' needs. I liked the way the rough man was made to feel at home. I liked the Christian-like manner in which the secretary met the diffident young man who was not over-awed.

No system will ever succeed without proper leadership. Certainly the Association had such local leaders. They were not holier than thou men, but good, red-blooded fellows who bore every evidence of being helpful without being offensive. They were a wonderful power for good!

I could tell by the attitude of the many men who when into building that unconsciously subconsciously they were being raised to higher levels, that they had better mastery of themselves, better ideals—and were better soldiers.

When the order went out that houses of prostitution were to do put under guard, when we watched every woman who got off a train until her business was known, if necessary, she was put out of that vicinity, when we ordered disuse of whiskey and other liquors, the Association joined us in helping to make soldiers entitled in favor of that very action.

If America goes to war, money can be turned over to the Young Men's Christian Association with every confidence that it will be expended scientifically and along lines most acceptable to soldiers.

Ripe Tomato Jam.

This recipe makes a particularly delightful sweet, quite different from most tomato preserves. Cook five pounds of ripe tomatoes till quite soft. Press through fine sieve to remove skins and seeds. Return pulp to fire and cook slowly till water has evaporated enough to leave pulp thick.

Measure pulp and for each cup of pulp allow one cup of sugar, one half lemon, juice and rind, and one sprig of mint. Cook all together very slowly, using great care lest and burn, till quite thick. Put in jelly glasses and cover with paraffin after removing lemon rind and mint. This same recipe can be used for tomato jelly if half tomatoes and half apple peelings and cores are cooked together at beginning. Weigh tomatoes and apples, using one half of each.

Southern Agriculturist.

Mrs. Creed A. Taylor left Friday for Rollingfork and Anguilla, Miss., to visit her brothers, Messrs. Clyde and Clarence Gilliland.

A BIG MEETING.

The Star Leachville, Arkansas has this to say of the Methodist Revival being held at that place.

The revival being conducted at the Methodist church by Evangelist Robert Lear is proving to be one of the greatest ever held in Manila. Large crowds attend daily and the evangelist has succeeded in working up a religious interest among the Christians of all denominations never before witnessed in Manila, and people flock to the meetings, which are held twice daily. Rev.

Lear will possibly be compelled to leave Saturday for another appointment, but if the interest still continues the pastor, Rev. Gowen, will continue the meeting through next week. The results of the first week of the meeting were eight conversions and five additions to the Methodist church and the entire community stirred religiously. Rev. Lear has endeared himself to the people of Manila, who will be glad at any time to have him hold another meeting.

Mr. Lear has traveled from the Lakes to the Gulf and almost from ocean to ocean, and thousands of men and women have been blessed in meetings where he has labored. He is conducting a very successful revival meeting at the Manila Methodist Church this week.

Notice To Creditors.

All persons having claims against the estate of C. E. Humphrey, Deed., will present same to me at my office properly proven as required by law, on or before the 15th., day of October 1917, or same will be barred.

D. A. Lowry, Commissioner, Crittenden Circuit Court.

PROMINENT PEOPLE INDICTED FOR SPEEDING

Madisonville, Ky., Oct. 10.—The grand jury in session here today returned indictments against about twenty prominent citizens of Madisonville, both male and female, for exceeding the speed limit in driving their automobiles both in Madisonville and on the country roads. The jury has had at least 100 witnesses before it and it is rumored that still more indictments will be returned. Five indictments were returned against one man.

Had Some Fun.

Mansfield, O., Oct. 10.—Draft board examining physicians were puzzled when Stephen T. Dalton of Shelby came up for examination.

His hip is dislocated, said one doctor.

No, his hips are all right, but his left shoulder is out of joint, insisted the second examiner.

The third found an elbow in bad condition, but the hip and shoulder all right.

Dalton is a contortionist who will throw bones out of joint and appear baby crippled.

After puzzling the physician for a time Dalton threw himself back into shape, and was passed as physically qualified for service.

Notice To Creditors.

All persons having claims against the estate of Lucy E. Mott, Deed., will present same to me, properly proven as required by law, at my office, on or before October 20th., 1917, or same will be barred.

This 21st, day of Sept., 1917.

D. A. Lowry, Commissioner, Crittenden Circuit Court.

BRING MY BOY

HOME CLEAN

Hon. Wm. Jennings Bryan's Appeal For The War Work Fund in California.

I have had a chance to learn something of the Y. M. C. A.'s usefulness in times of war as well as during my more than 30 years active membership. During the very brief time that I was myself a soldier, now nearly 19 years ago, one of the things with which I was impressed, as one must be when one is in camp, was with the new temptations that surround the young men, many of them away from home for the first time, and that was the maintaining their moral standards.

Some 23 years ago I saw at the Chicago exposition, that picture "Breaking Home Ties," that has come to be known as the Y. M. C. A. picture. It has been in my mind often as I have thought of young men, and never more so than during my connection with the army, for a great many of the young men were leaving home for the first time and they were just at that critical period in life when the influences of the outside world were flowing in on them. I was very anxious that the young men that went with my regiment should return home, if they were permitted to return home, with character. So when this war began, the Young Men's Christian Association was one of the first organizations that came into my mind, because I believe it had great work to do.

I place this Association and the Red Cross together for this reason, that the Red Cross is attempting to minister to the sick and wounded in the hospitals and the Association is attempting to bring moral strength to the boys who are well, and spiritual consolation to the boys who are sick. It seems to me at this time when the nation is calling for so many young men to undergo that supreme test and that supreme sacrifice called for in a soldier that they who are not called from the home, and who are still able to enjoy its comforts, ought to be willing to contribute very liberally indeed to make the way of those who are called easier.

When these boys go to the front each one goes carrying the hopes of a home, and every mother who gives her boy to the war is anxious that that boy shall come as good morally as he was when he went away. I believe it is just as necessary that they should be fed with spiritual nourishment as that their bodies be fed. The government cannot do this, but this organization can.

A BIG DBY.

Mr. Editor, if it is the Lord's will we hope to have a great day at the Home Coming or reunion, of the old people and kind folks, and friends, this only comes to us once in a life time, we will soon be to the end of life here, let all who can, come and bring a little lunch, and break bread together and have a good time.

Religiously and socially, we are not planning for the good things to eat, so much as we are soul food and friendship to make life pleasant. So away with your jelly and foolishness and come to help make life worth living, and help the other fellow. I am delighted so far with our new preacher. I hope he will be present that day.

W. J. Hill and wife.

FARM FOR SALE.

I will sell at private sale my farm 160 acres situated 4 miles north west of Hampton, 5 room house, stock barn reasonably well fenced, 4 acre orchard 45 acres virgin timber, pond of never failing water, Good Hope school and church 1 mile, 115 acres to cultivate next year. Price \$20.00 per acre.

George T. Mitchell,
Joy, Ky.
Hampton phone. 10-11-35.

One Year Daily By Mail
\$4.00
Regular Price \$500

Courier October Bargain

One Year Daily And
Sunday By Mail
\$6.00
Regular Price \$7.50

Democratic Ticket.

For Senator in the 4th district
Crittenden, Caldwell and Webster Counties.—C. S. Nunn, of Marion.

For Representative of Crittenden and Livingston districts.—Duron Koon, of Dysburg.

For County Attorney—Trice Bennett, of Marion.

For Sheriff—John H. Nintimo.

For Jailer—Chas. W. Love.

Republican Ticket.

For Senator in the 4th district
Crittenden, Caldwell and Webster Counties.—W. J. Deboe of Marion.

For Representative of Crittenden and Livingston district—W. F. Paris, of Lola.

For County Judge—Robert L. Moore.

For Sheriff—V. O. Chandler.

For County Court Clerk—L. E. Guess.

For County Attorney—John A. Moore.

For Superintendent—James L. F. Paris.

For Jailer W. E. Belt.

A MOTHER'S GRATITUDE

Many a Mother in Marion Will Appreciate the Following

Many a strong man and many a healthy woman has much for which to thank mother. The care taken during their childhood brought them past the danger point and made them healthy men and women. Thousands of children are bothered with incontinence of urine, and inability to retain it is oftentimes called a habit. It is not always the children's fault—in many cases the difficulty lies with the kidneys, and can be readily righted. A Marion mother tells how she went about it.

Mrs. G. W. Patterson, Elm & Gum Streets, Marion, says: "A member of my family was troubled with a weak condition of the kidneys. This caused considerable distress when suffering with colds; as the kidney secretions come too frequent in passage at these times. I had often heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and got a box at Haynes & Taylor's Drug Store. One box cured the complaint in short order. I can certainly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to any mother who has children suffering from weak kidneys."

Price 50 cents at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Patterson recommends! Poston-Milburn Co., Prop., Buffalo, N. Y.

Arrived, Anyway. In any case, we were all out to a summer cottage for a day's outing. The house stood on a hill with the front porch high up from the ground. We would all step off at one corner, and, even though we followed us, stepping off at the same corner, but fell, and rolled over on the ground. He got up immediately, without crying, although his face was covered with dirt, and said: "That's a funny step, but me got down anyway."—Chicago Tribune, Jan. 11, 1917.

October Bargain Club.

An opportunity is presented our readers this month to secure The Evansville Courier daily for one year and The Crittenden Record Press weekly one year at the bargain rate of \$4.50. The regular price for both papers is \$6.00.

It is expected that hundreds of people will take advantage of this chance to get their favorite city daily and home weekly at a moderate price. If your subscription does not expire until later, your time will be extended one year. This low rate is made however only in the month of October.

Not a Thief.

Man who broke into the house while trousers patched in the rear are the other was away and took nothing usually not evidence of industry. But don't suppose could scarcely be united we must be charitable—some men a thief, because he went out with less claim they think better when sitting, than he came in with.

Conditions in Mexico Can Be Bettered Only by the Aid of Civilized Powers

By HENRY LANE WILSON

Former Ambassador from United States to Mexico

Editor of the *Evansville Courier*

KRESS'

Mail Order Store at

Nashville, Tenn.

Kress Bargains reach a new high-water mark of value-giving and money-saving possibilities in this handsome

Rich Black Thibet Coat \$4.98
NOW ONLY...



Here is a coat of such excellent style and workmanship, that when you see it, you will wonder how we can sell it for only \$4.98.

Once again, the tremendous savings effected by Kress' superior purchasing power assert themselves. Buying at rock-bottom prices and selling for cash make this bargain possible.

Besides being smart in style it is splendidly warm and comfortable, and has the appearance of a much more expensive coat.

4.98
\$4.98
SHIPPING WEIGHT 3 1/2 LBS.

Prices of materials are going higher and higher and under present conditions this coat is an excellent value at double the price we ask. Economical women should opportunity to save.

Group this
The Season's Greatest Coat Bargain
Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded
Send for "The Book of a Thousand Bargains."
IT'S FREE.



KRESS MAIL ORDER STORES
Nashville, Tenn.

MEN ALL GONE

which anti-Cologne that they will except in future boy volunteers aged fifteen for the army.

This order accounts for the recent influx into Switzerland of German boys, sent for safety by their parents. German supervision of the Swiss frontier lately has been redoubled, especially facing Basle.

Good morning!—Seen the Courier?

Sure did, John! Get it as soon as the mail man comes.

HOME JELLY MAKING

Fruits That Are Best Suited for This Delicious Product.

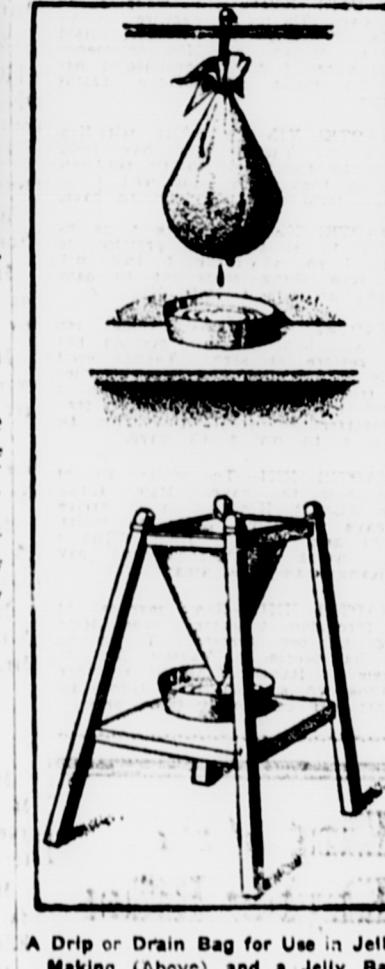
PECTIN IS PRIME ELEMENT

Amount of Sugar Can Be Determined by the Alcohol Test—Mistakes to Be Avoided by the Housewife.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
A good jelly should be bright, of good color, and clear. When removed from the glass it should retain the shape of the mold. Good jelly can be cut with a distinct cleavage, retaining the angles where cut. It should sparkle and be tender enough to quiver without breaking.

Fruit for Jelly Making.—The juice from certain fruits, such as grape, apple, cranberry, orange, kumquat and currant, is better suited for making a natural fruit jelly than juices from other fruits. The juices from these fruits contain the properties necessary for jelly making. The best fruits for jelly making contain pectin and acid. Pectin, the fundamental jelly-making substance, does not exist in some fruits in sufficient amount to make jelly without the addition of pectin from some other source. The peach, strawberry and cherry are examples of fruits which contain acid but are lacking in pectin. Pear, guava and quince contain pectin but are deficient in acid. If the missing property be added to each of these fruits, a jelly with the color and flavor of the fruit selected can be made.

Extracting the Juice.—Wash such fruits as berries, grapes and currants in running water and add one cupful of water for each pound of fruit. For apples, quinces, guavas and such hard fruits, wash, slice and add three cupfuls water to each pound of fruit. The fruit should be cooked until tender, a small quantity of water being added to help extract the juice. The fruit juice will flow more freely when heated than when cold, and the cooking develops the pectin. As soon as the fruit is tender the liquid should be squeezed through a cheesecloth and then be allowed to drip, without pressure through a funnel jelly bag (Illustrated). Overcooking of the fruit is apt to result in a cloudy jelly. After cooling the juice to room temperature test it to determine the amount of pectin present. This test gives some idea of the proper proportion of sugar to juice. Add one tablespoonful 95 per cent grain alcohol to an equal volume of cooled fruit juice and shake gently. The effect of the alcohol is to bring together the pectin in a jellylike mass. If a large quantity of pectin is present it will appear in one mass or clot when poured from the glass. This indicates that equal quantities of sugar and juice may be used. If the pectin does not slip from the glass in one mass, less sugar will be required. A fair



A Drip or Drain Bag for Use in Jelly Making (Above) and a Jelly Bag With Rack (Below).

proportion is three-fourths cupful of sugar to one cupful of juice. If the pectin is thin and much separated, one-half cupful of sugar allowed for each cupful of juice will be sufficient.

Quantity of Juice to Cook.—The quantity of juice to be cooked at one time will depend upon the size of the vessel and the methods of heating available. The capacity of the vessel used should be four times as great as the volume of juice to be cooked. If the attempt is made to cook a large quantity of juice at one time over a slow flame, there will be a loss of color and a decrease in the yield, partly due to the destruction of the pectin.

When to Add Sugar.—When the proportion of sugar to juice has been determined, measure the fruit juice and place over the fire to begin to boil. As the juice begins to boil, add the sugar immediately and stir until the sugar is dissolved. By putting the sugar when the juice begins to boil, more time is

L. F. WATERS

Veterinarian

Office at Sisco's Livery Stable

Phone 289

Prepare now and immunize your herd against black-leg and hemorrhagic septicemia in cattle; White Scours in calves; Navel ill in colts; Cholera in hogs; Also see me about White diarrhea in young chicks; Bowel ailments and blackhead in turkeys

How to Know, Prevent and Cure Quickly

In Praise of Work.

Work is the salvation of the race. Without it we should be savages. When a man is too old for work, his usefulness in this world is practically at an end. Work is a good, old-time word, conceived in honesty of purpose. Work drives the devil away. All honor to the working man and sorrow for the working man who is ashamed of his title.—Pittfield Eagle.

Dr. Gilchrist



Instruments for examining conditions inside as well as outside of the eye. Glasses scientifically fitted! Prices reasonable.

Office: Paris Blidg., Marion, Ky.
Below Farmers Bank.

DR. BELL'S MINES

There was an oyster supper given by Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Sheely Monday night in honor of Roy Farmer, who was called to the army and who left Wednesday, Oct. 3d, 1917. We are sorry Roy is gone but we are glad he is willing and brave enough to fight for his country.

Misses Jennie and Avery Rutherford, who have been visiting relatives in Marion and Crayde for the past two weeks, have returned home.

Jesse Farmer, who has been in Illinois for the past few weeks, has returned home.

Patriotic Day at Bell's Mines was enjoyed by everyone present. There was plenty of dinner and everyone seemed to have a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. John Summers and daughter, Ada, of Marion, passed through this section en route to Sturgis to visit her sister, Mrs. Neva Wright, Saturday.

From Dempsey, of Hiawatha, is visiting his brother, S. C. Dempsey.

Mrs. Charles Dempsey attended Raly Day at Sullivan, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Rutherford and children were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Truitt, of Rodney, Sunday.—Patriot.

Have you seen the Courier, dear?



Yes! We can't do without that Evansville Courier in our family.

GREATEST BATTLE

OF WAR IS RAGING

CONTINUOUS STRUGGLE ALONG WESTERN FRONT IS FORCING GERMANS TO DEFEAT.

DRIVE TEUTONS FROM LENS

More Than 5,000 Unwounded German Prisoners Have Been Taken in the Struggle—Allies Penetrate Teuton Lines.

With the French Armies Afield.—The greatest battle of the entire war is being fought along the western front.

From the Belgian seacoast to the Swiss frontier—a distance of 485 miles—the allies are joined in a continuous offensive.

Along this entire distance the artillerists are roaring with unequalled fury, while at certain points the infantry fighting is on a scale never before reached.

Particularly at Verdun, that scene of so much bloody fighting, is the conflict raging at the highest pitch. Along an 11-mile front, the French are following up earlier gains on the battle-scarred fields over which the crown prince's army for months made their great attack and met their greatest defeat, are once more witnessing a German disaster.

The great battle is in full development of the fighting which started with the Franco-British offensive in Flanders. Starting at the Belgian coast and working south to Lens, the battle continues to extend south and has reached its greatest proportions.

Meanwhile, the fighting at the northern end has scarcely slackened. Around Lens the Canadians still hold the important gains recently made.

Along the Chemin Des Dames the big guns are roaring, while at Verdun the climax of the struggle is still swaying.

The ground over which the French are driving has become historic in this war. It was the scene of the first great downfall of the German army—the failure of the crown prince in his great offensive against Verdun. The ruined fields have many times run red with blood.

Now the French, who proved to the world their defensive powers by holding Verdun against the crown prince's desperate assaults, are proving their offensive powers by rolling back the German line over this same ground.

On a total front of 11 miles they have made gains to a depth of a mile and a quarter in some places and took 3,116 unwounded prisoners.

From the southern end of the battle line there is a break, and then the next great front is reached, where the Italians are plowing through the Austrian defenses in their greatest drive.

MAYOR OF MEMPHIS QUITS

Two Days Before Ouster Suit Comes to Trial Mayor Ashcroft and Chief of Police Hayes Resign.

Memphis.—Mayor Tom C. Ashcroft, against whom ouster proceedings are pending in the courts, has resigned immediately following the resignation of the mayor and chief of police, W. J. Hayes, tendered his resignation, which was accepted by the city commission.

Harry H. Litty, president of the City club, was selected by the commission to succeed Mr. Ashcroft. Mr. Litty is one of the leading citizens of the Bluff City. He was formerly a member of the city council.

J. J. Quinlan, a member of a firm of plumbers, was selected to take the place of chief of police. A general shakeup in the police department followed the installation of the new mayor and chief of police.

SOLDIERS ARE "GASSED."

Fast Getting in Shape to Take the Trenches in Flanders.

With the American Expedition—American troops submitted to their first voluntary "gassing," as a part of their training. Donning gas masks for the first time, the soldiers were sent into "gas chambers" and subjected to various kinds of vapors used by the Germans.

DECREASE IN SUGAR BEETS.

Smaller Area Sown in Russia Will Affect Prices in U. S.

Petrograd.—According to the Torgovye Promyshlennaya Gazeta, the area grown with sugar beets this year for the whole of Russia is estimated at 407,275 desiatines (1,099,800 acres), as compared with 554,583 desiatines (1,497,219 acres) in 1916.

ANOTHER SUBMARINE SUNK.

Gunners of British Freighter Won Victory Off France.

An Atlantic Port. Another German submarine has been sunk by the gunners of a merchantman, if the gunners of a British freighter, which arrived here are correct in their assumption that three shots which struck an undenoted boat off Brest, France, sent her to the bottom. The British encountered the submarine on her "last" outward trip from this port.



E. L. Harpending, Notary Public

Harry Meyers and wife of Rosiclare, Ill., passed through the city last week enroute to Evansville on a shopping trip.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Dehaven of Blackford attended the Jersey cow sale here Monday.

If your team is afraid of the trains, go to Maurie Nunn's coal yards for its away from the trains.

A. Wolf, of Owensboro, Ky., is in the city on business—Padueah Sun.

A. S. Cannan and wife of Rosiclare were here several days last week looking after their extensive interests.

J. M. Brown, of Dwight, Ill., is the guest of relatives here and in the county.

The ladies are requested to register at the Moore & Pickens Millinery store for sewing or knitting for the Red Cross society.

LOST—A ladies dark blue short coat some where on the streets or near town. Reward if returned to the Press office.

Man past 30 with horse and buggy to sell Stock Condition Powder in Crittenden County. Salary \$90 per month. Address 9 Industrial Bldg., Indianapolis, Indiana.

Mr. Hollis C. Franklin, principal of the High School at Marion Ky., is visiting friends in Paducah today—Padueah Sun.

For coal that is free from slack, see Maurie Nunn, the coal man.

Mr. Bob Griffey of Owensboro representing E. D. Morton, general mill and mining supply co., of Louisville was in the city last week.

Miss Virginia Blue and Isabel Guess took a boat trip to Paducah Thursday and returned Saturday.

U. G. Hughes wants to enlarge your pictures, see or write him.

Miss Sybil Deboe left Friday for Wheatenroft, Ky., to visit the family of W. M. Owens she will be absent several days.

Mrs. E. H. Holtzelaw left Friday for Owensboro to visit her son Melrose Vernon and Mrs. Vernon during the month of October.

Buy your coal from Maurie Nunn, the coal man.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Butler of Salem are expecting to close their town house at Salem and go to Texas for the winter. They have a son and a daughter there and some grand children and are anicipating a pleasant stay.

Rev. George R. H. Gass left Tuesday for Hampton to assist Eld. Terry Martin in a revival meeting.

Miss Lou Dollar, of Princeton, was the delegate from Princeton church to the Chapel Hill Presbytery, of the U. S. A., church last week, and while en route she stopped off here to visit the family of G. U. Dollar, who was a brother of her deceased husband, Gid Dollar.

For the best coal in town, see Maurie Nunn, the coal man.

There was considerable ice here Tuesday morning Oct. 9th. There had been slight frosts several times before that this fall.

Mrs. Jerry Rankin, of Weston, was the guest of her daughter who is here attending high school.

If you have pictures you want enlarged see or write U. G. Hughes.

A man to help you load at Maurie Nunn's coal yard.

The Red Cross society were quite successful with the luncheon and dairy products sale Monday. Each boy and girl who had a cow in the sale donated one pound of butter, some donated buttermilk and others, sweetmilk. The ladies served hot chocolate, hot oyster soup, bread and butter and hot coffee, and realized over \$50.00 for the Red Cross fund.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hatcher, Sept. 29th, a nine lb. girl. Mrs. Hatcher before her marriage was Miss Alice Griffith.

The Rev. James F. Price was at the meeting of the Presbytery, of Princeton, last week. He went to Providence last Friday to look after some church work and was there Friday night and Saturday. He went to Dixon Saturday night and preached there Sunday. He went to Shiloh Sunday afternoon. He is in Louisville this week attending the meeting of Kentucky Synod. He will be at Shiloh next Sunday at the Home Coming.

See U. G. Hughes for picture enlarging.

Hats, new and nifty at sale price at Lottie Tinsley Terry's.

G. W. Hillyard purchased of Mrs. Eliza Deboe, her house and lot, north of the city limits near George Foster's, which is a desirable home.

Elis Boaz has returned from St. Louis and re-entered the high school here. Who hopes to complete his course this scholastic year.

F. G. Cox has returned from the farm, as Mrs. Cox is not doing so well. He will remain at home this week.

Good white slip shucked corn is being delivered here now at \$1.00 per bushel.

Lots of good room. Have five different places to load from.

You wont have to wait, if you come to see Maurie Nunn, the coal man.

Miss Lelia Kemp and Pratt Stanley were guests of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Todd, and Mr. Todd, at Piney Sunday.

Miss Lizzie James, who visited Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Dean at Cedar last week and attended the Dean-McElroy wedding, has returned home.

Prof. B. M. Owen has rented the Green Jacobs place and his mother and sister will move this week. The people of that vicinity are proud of them for neighbors as they are a valuable acquisition to our little city.

Whereas, Our Government, seeking to avert such a catastrophe for civilization, is planning a campaign throughout the Nation during the week beginning October 21, 1917, to secure pledges from American families to help humanity in this war by (c)—operation with the Government in the conservation of our food supply and

Whereas Mr. Fred M. Sackett, National Food Administrator in Kentucky, will need the aid of

thousands of women in our State in making the campaign so thorough that no one who can help in the Old Kentucky Home will be overlooked;

Therefore do I proclaim, That this Food Conservation week be regarded as a Holy Week in Kentucky and I call upon all women and women's organizations who have the future of

their country and humanity at heart, to give their time and energy to their country organization, and personally assist them in the house-to-keep campaign, and in seeing that

every family in our beloved Commonwealth is given an opportunity to do its part—to make its sacrifice for civilization.

SUE S. STANLEY, (wife of Gov. A. O. Stanley)

Honorary Chairman Women's Branch National Council of Defense.

Governor's Mansion, Frankfort, Ky.

Sept. 28, 1917 A. D.

Mrs. Stanley's Proclamation.

Sept. 29, 1917.

Mr. S. M. Jenkins,

Dear Sir:

The Women's Branch of the National Council of Defense is doing all within its power to aid the Food Administration in promoting the success of the nationwide campaign to be conducted during the week of October 21-28.

At the request of Mr. F. M. Sackett, Federal Food Administrator for Kentucky, I have, as Honorary Chairman of the Women's Council issued a proclamation, a copy of which I am enclosing in the hope that the press of Kentucky will find space to use it.

Assuring you that both the Council of Defense and the Food Administration are deeply appreciative of the unselfish and patriotic support these two branches of the Government service are receiving from the Crittenden Record Press, I am.

Respectfully,

SUE S. STANLEY,

Honorary Chairman Women's

Branch,

National Council of Defense.

THE PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, Our beloved National Government is entering a war, upon the outcome of which depends the preservation of the sanctity of womanhood and that keystone of civilization, the home, as well as the preservation of human liberty and democracy and all that Kentuckians and Americans hold most dear; and

Whereas, Our fathers, sons, husbands and brothers will soon go to the battle front, braving shot and shell, facing deprivation and suffering and daunting death, that the womanhood of Kentucky and America may never be called upon to face the horrors that have been visited upon the womanhood of bleeding Belgium and afflicted France, and

Whereas, The World's production of food has been decreased and its needs increased by the demands of war and unless there be sacrificial economy in the home—in American homes and Kentucky homes our loved ones and their Allies in the battle-line and those for whom they fight at home, may endure hunger and even starvation and the holy crusade for liberty, democracy and the sanctity of womanhood may be in vain; and

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Branch National Council of Defense.

Governor's Mansion, Frankfort, Ky.

Sept. 28, 1917 A. D.

Uruguay Split With Berlin Government.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay.

Oct. 7, 1917.

Uruguay has severed diplomatic relations with Germany. A decree announced the vote in favor of it by the chamber of deputies as 74 to 23. The German minister has been sent his passports.

The vote in the chamber was

taken at 2 o'clock this morning.

President Viera in his message

to the parliament declared that

the Uruguayan government had

not received any direct offense

from Germany but that it was

necessary to espouse the cause

of the defenders of justice, de-

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President Viera in

After the battle I was, of course, relieved of my job as motorcycle dispatch rider and resumed my duty as orderly to headquarters.

A great deal has been said of the Canadians. Too much praise cannot be given them.

The first of the Canadian regiments to come into a town was the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry. This regiment was in one of the divisions in our army corps, so I saw quite a bit of the men from time to time. They were a fine body of men and were very highly thought of by all the English regiments with whom they were associated. They were strong men and good strong leaders to keep them at their highest point of efficiency.

Such men as Colonel Fawcett they adored, and there was nothing he could ask them to do that would remain undone. It was his custom to lead his men into action carrying nothing but a walking stick, and little things like this mean a great deal to the men of a regiment.

At the time the Canadians were brought into action we had some black troops on our extreme left. The Germans sent over gas, and these black troops were forced to retire. Supports were called for, and as ours was the nearest headquarters in the vicinity the call came to us.

We had no spare troops available right on the spot, so the men of the headquarters unit—orderlies, messengers, etc.—were called upon to go up and act as supports until re-enforcements could be brought up. We went up on the dead run and found that the black troops had retired, so we went into the position just in front of the Germans. The kaiser's troops had advanced about two miles, but had stopped at the last trench of our first line of defense. There were no more trenches for four miles.

The troops who had retired were or

dered into rest camp, when we took the position over, so we had to go and hold until the Canadians came up.

The Germans made no attempt to advance any farther, and we certainly were in no position to quarrel with them just then. We waited there all night, and just before dawn the Canadians arrived. They didn't stop for anything and went right over the top of us and at the Germans. We acted as supports for them during this engagement, and it was a treat to see the way they went after them.

Trench after trench they took without any letup. The Germans contested every inch of the ground, but nothing could stop the Maple Leaf boys that morning. When the Germans waited long enough for the fighting to come to close quarters the Canadians were right there with the cold steel, and when the Germans kept their distance those boys showed that they know which end of a rifle the bullet comes from.

The Canadians had advanced about a mile in this way when the Germans brought up some re-enforcements, and immediately started to counterattack.

They drove us back a few hundred yards, but we made a stand, and after the edge had worn off the German attack we commenced to advance again.

This time there was no dawdling the Canadians, and they went right through until they had taken all the ground that had been lost. They also recovered four guns which the Germans had captured.

As nearly as I can tell, it was at this time that the reports began to fly around that no prisoners were being taken. This is an extremely difficult

thing to conceive of our utter misery. Everywhere I looked at all hours of the day and night it was just nightmare. Most of the time we were kept too busy to sleep, and we would be so tired we could hardly move. The constant din of the guns of all sizes and of the exploding shells was enough to drive nearly all of us insane.

Perhaps this little incident will show what condition our nerves were in. A young fellow named Lewis and I had chummed together for the time being, and we rode the same route during the entire battle. One night he came down to headquarters just ahead of me, and I assure you, we came through some mighty hot territory. I was in awful condition, ~~physically~~ but I think he was even worse.

I handed my case in, and while I was waiting for visitors I went on to the petrolium stores to fill up the tank on my bike. Lewis was talking to the officer in charge of the riders and was standing with his back to the door. Another fellow came in carrying two empty petrolium cans, and—unintentionally, of course—he dropped them just behind Lewis. They made quite a racket, and coming so suddenly, Lewis jumped over a table and fainted dead away.

We were all in about the same condition, and it didn't take much to get a ride out of us. Poor Lewis was killed the next night by falling into a shell hole.

CHAPTER X.
Germans Hate and Fear Canadians.

ABOUT the fifth or sixth night of the battle the Germans broke through us and advanced nearly a mile into our territory. They held their gain about fourteen hours, when we counterattacked and took it all back again. Of course our advanced report center retired as the Germans advanced, but I was down at the permanent headquarters at the time, so I didn't get any of the excitement of the retreat.

When we advanced again our road lay over ground that had been in German hands during the few hours they held the ground.

A dispatch rider was coming over this road just as daylight dawned. Two wounded Germans lay on the side of the road, and as the rider passed one of them called to him and asked for a drink of water. The rider stopped, turned his horse and went back, threw his hat over his head and high-fived around and called on water. As the rider turned those two Germans just lay there and the rider went on.

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tor, who is commonly known as the "actor-airman."

These "three" in particular have distinguished themselves in our little town. Captain Strange has a lame foot, but he has done some of the finest work of the war. In three days he destroyed three stations or big rail centers which were of great importance to the Germans. In each case he employed the same methods. He flew over the point he was aiming for, stopped his engine, did a nose dive to within a few hundred feet of the ground, dropped his bomb and got away safely. Each time he came back with the planes of his machine riddled with bullets. He takes no short cuts or avoids any dangerous risks.

Lieutenant Hawker was the terror of the "Zeppelins" and quakes, and he has been known to fight three of these big machines single handed, destroying two and putting the other one to flight. Mr. Hawker fought for a chance to get mixed up with a Zeppelin, and on one occasion he nearly realized his wish, when a Zeppelin attacked him. It was a bright moonlight night last summer, when everything was as quiet and peaceful as one could wish it to be. A scattering rifle fire could be heard from the trenches, but there was really nothing doing at all. About 9 or 10 o'clock we heard the hum of an engine away above us, and we thought, of course, it was an aeroplane. As it came nearer we realized that no aeroplane engine could make so much noise as that, and very soon word was passed around that there was a Zeppelin above us.

Very few of us had ever seen a Zeppelin, and we were more than straining our eyes to catch a glimpse of this one. Judging from the noise of the engine, it seemed as though the thing kept circling around over our encampment, but, try as hard as we could we were unable to catch sight of it.

It had not been over us so very long before we heard a motor engine start up at the flying grounds, and word came around that Lieutenant Hawker was going up after it. Soon we saw an aeroplane shoot up over the tree tops and commence to circle around gaining altitude every moment. It was quickly lost to view, though, and soon the engine of the Zeppelin could be heard no longer, so we concluded that it had made off. Lieutenant Hawker flew until daylight; but, much to his disappointment, he failed to find the Zeppelin.

Another aviator who became famous was Commander Sampson of the Royal Naval Air Service. At the beginning of the war he did so much damage with his aeroplane that a price was put upon his head by the German authorities. We heard that the sum of \$1,000 was offered for Commander Sampson, dead or alive. This did not make any difference to him so far as his work was concerned, and he did just as much damage after the fact became known as he did before.

Nor was his activity confined to air work. He had an armored car that he used to go out in, and the exciting event of the day used to be to watch Commander Sampson's return. He seldom failed to bring back prisoners, and the damage he did to the Germans with the machine gun was fearful.

Last spring we had a new type of aeroplane come out, and it was beauty. It became known as the "British Scout," and it was in this type of machine that Lieutenant Hawker defeated three big German battle planes. It has a very high powered, high speed engine and can pull right away from any other type of machine that flies. It carries one man only, who runs the machine and works the gun too, so he has his work cut out for him.

Before I ever saw a bomb dropping aeroplane in action I used to imagine that the bombs were dropped by hand. Now as we came along that a German aeroplane was coming directly toward us and that it appeared to be following the road. Our anti-aircraft guns were playing on it, and the shells seemed to be bursting mighty close to it.

Before it attained a point above us it turned at right angles and made off toward the German lines. We continued on our way, and a little farther on we came to where an empty auto was standing in the middle of the road. We stopped and looked around for signs of the occupants, but could find none. When we had been there about five minutes an officer and the driver of the car showed up and said they had been forced to take refuge in a dugout on account of the falling shrapnel.

Holes where pieces of shrapnel had entered the ground were to be seen all around, and we tried to dig some of the pieces up. We dug down ten inches and had not reached them, so we gave it up as a bad job and went on to camp. This will show that these pieces of shrapnel are not to be sneered at as being harmless.

Another favorite sport with aeroplanes is the dropping of hundreds of steel darts on bodies of moving troops or even on towns or the men in the trenches. These darts are buried five inches in the earth and make a sort of four pointed tail. They are extremely sharp and "heavy" at the point where they are at the tail. This causes them to fall point down.

It has been proved that one of these darts dropped from a great height would, if it struck a man on horseback square on the top of the head, pass through the length of a man's body through the saddle, through the horse's body and disappear into the ground. I have seen such darts been dropped, but have never been near where they were falling, and I had no desire to be either.

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the case the Zeppelins and Avathis would have to give up the game.

When aeroplanes are late coming it is very interesting to watch the rockets being sent up to guide them to their landing grounds. These rockets are of different colors and are sent up at regular intervals until the machine is either safely back or is given up for lost. When the machine is sighted it is circling down toward the ground big birds are lighted so as to enable the aviator to pick his spot for landing. The whole thing is scientifically arranged, but there are not many accidents in this part of the world.

One of the most daring parts of the war is the dropping of spies behind the lines. I believe this is done on both sides, and in many cases is successful. The second time I was going to leave for England I had made arrangements to go with one of our drivers from the flying corps. We were to start on a Monday morning, and on the Friday before he told me that he was going to make his last flight before going to England on the following morning, Saturday.

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As I said, he started out at 4, and so far as I know he is not back yet. He may have been shot down, he may have had an accident, or been forced to land behind the German lines, or any one of a hundred things may have happened. All we know is that he failed to return.

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The falling of the shrapnel from these shells which burst in the air is rather dangerous, as I can show by narrating an incident which happened to us. We were out in a near-by village called Brandhoek, and we noticed as we came along that a German aeroplane was coming directly toward us and that it appeared to be following the road. Our anti-aircraft guns were playing on it, and the shells seemed to be bursting mighty close to it.

Before it attained a point above us it turned at right angles and made off toward the German lines. We continued on our way, and a little farther on we came to where an empty auto was

standing in the middle of the road. We stopped and looked around for signs of the occupants, but could find none. When we had been there about five minutes an officer and the driver of the car showed up and said they had been forced to take refuge in a dugout on account of the falling shrapnel.

Holes where pieces of shrapnel had entered the ground were to be seen all around, and we tried to dig some of the pieces up. We dug down ten inches and had not reached them, so we gave it up as a bad job and went on to camp. This will show that these pieces of shrapnel are not to be sneered at as being harmless.

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LIST OF MEN ORDERED TO REPORT TO THIS LOCAL BOARD FOR MILITARY DUTY

TO TRANSPORTATION TO THE MOBILIZATION CAMP, CAMP TAYLOR, LOUISVILLE, KY.

DATE OF REPORTING: OCTOBER 28, 1917.

TIME OF REPORTING: 5 O'CLOCK P.M.

PLACE OF REPORTING: CAMP TAYLOR, LOUISVILLE, KY.

REASON FOR REPORTING: MOBILIZATION.

STATEMENT AND OWNERSHIP.

Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by The Act of August 24, 1912.

of The Crittenden Record-Press, published weekly at Marion, Ky., for Oct. 1st, 1917.

Editor, S. M. Jenkins, Marion, Ky.; Managing Editor, S. M. Jenkins, Marion, Ky.; Business Managers, S. M. Jenkins, Marion, Ky.; Publisher, S. M. Jenkins, Marion, Ky.; Owners: (If a corporation, give its name and the names and addresses of stockholders holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of stock. If not a corporation, give names and addresses of individual owners,) S. M. Jenkins, Marion, Ky. Known bondholders, mortgages, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: (If there none, so state.) None.

S. M. Jenkins.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of October, 1917

[SEAL] NELLE WALKER,

Notary Public.

(My commission expires Jan. 11, 1920.)

WHAT IS LAX-FOS?

LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA. A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE. CATHARTIC AND LIVER TONIC.

LAX-FOS is not a Secret or Patent Medicine but is composed of the following old-fashioned roots and herbs:

CASCARA BARK
BLUE FLAG ROOT
RHUBARB ROOT
BLACK ROOT
MAY APPLE ROOT
SENNNA LEAVES
AND PEPSIN

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by the addition of these digestive ingredients making it better than ordinary Cascara, and thus the combination acts not only as a stimulating laxative and cathartic but also as a digestive and liver tonic. Syrup laxatives are weak, but LAX-FOS combines strength with palatable, aromatic taste and does not gripe or disturb the stomach. One bottle will prove LAX-FOS is invaluable for Constipation, Indigestion or Torpid Liver. Price 50c.

A Trip To Morganfield.

(By Lonnie Clift.)

One bright and beautiful day not long ago I visited the metropolis of Union county and I saw a number of things during the trip which would probably be of interest to the readers of the Record-Press.

I did not go on the train and neither did I go horseback but I adopted the more strenuous method of going on a bicycle. It was a very interesting journey and it will live in my memory as long as I remain on this earth.

I was anticipating a lot of nice, easy riding when I struck the level roads of Union county but I was doomed to disappointment. The big road between Sturgis and Morganfield was deep with sand dust and my progress was impeded to such an extent that I actually almost wished I was back among the solid, compact hills of old Crittenden. It required a lot of energy and exertion to plow my way through the big road bed but I was resolutely determined to not give up and so I persevered in my task until I had reached my destination.

Morganfield is a beautiful little city and it is well situated in a nice location. The main streets are paved with brick and I believe that the buildings of the town are somewhat finer and more elegant than those of Marion, but it is certainly a fact that the people who occupy those houses are not one whit finer or more elegant than the inhabitants of our dear old county seat. If there is any difference in the people of the two towns the margin undoubtedly lies in favor of Marion.

Before starting back on my return journey I visited the new cemetery which is situated near the northern suburbs of the town and which contains a number of pompous and costly monuments. According to all

appearances, the people of Morganfield are imbued with a wholesome reverence for their deceased relatives.

When I had seen everything that I wanted to see, I started back in the direction from whence I came. The road between Sturgis and Morganfield is so plain and unmistakable that any child ought to travel it without getting lost but I became so deeply and intensely absorbed in my thoughts that I was utterly oblivious to my surroundings and before I knew it I had wandered off the big road. When I did "come to" I inquired where I was and I discovered that I was on the road to Bordley. I lost no time in getting back on the right road and thenceforth I was more careful in "watching my corners".

The strenuous exercise of riding the wheel caused me to become intensely thirsty and I stopped at more than one farm house to get me a drink. The water of Union county is not so good as the water of dear old Crittenden and incidentally it might not be out of place to add that there are many more cases of typhoid and malarial fever in the county east of us than are among the hills and valleys of our own county.

The corn in Union county is looking fine but so good as I was expecting. A merciful Providence has blessed us with such a magnificent season that the corn in old Crittenden actually compares favorably with that of our neighboring county. As a general rule the corn of Union county is far and away much better than the corn of Crittenden but the present season constitutes a great exception to that rule.

A big crop of wheat was harvested in Union county during the present year and indications seem to show that next year's crop will also be unusually large.

During my return back home I called at the office of the Sturgis News-Democrat and had a very pleasant interview with the editor of that paper. He impressed me as being a man of energy and efficiency. During the three years in which he has been the editor and publisher of the News-Democrat the circulation of that paper has doubled in size and it is fast becoming the leading publication of Union county. He told me that he had no correspondent from Crittenden and so I promised to drop him a few lines once in a while providing he would furnish me with stationery and also send me his paper, all of which he agreed to do.

It was dark when I got back home and I felt real tired and worn-out but never-the-less, I had no regrets over making the trip for I learned a number of things which were of considerable benefit to me.

Your Wife Can Use It

If you are away from home and one of your horses takes the colic your wife can treat him if she has Farris' Colic Remedy in the house. It is easy to use. Just drop it on the horse's tongue and in thirty minutes he is relieved. Get it today. You may need tomorrow.

Sold by James H. Orme.

Home-Coming.

There will be a Home-Coming for all who have been born and reared in the Shiloh (Lisman) neighborhood the second Sunday in Oct. We insist on all the former Shiloh people coming. Where convenient bring a lunch with you. The invitation is extended to all that wish to come. Committee,

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LAX-FOS IS AN IMPROVED CASCARA. A Digestive Liquid Laxative, Cathartic and Liver Tonic. Contains Cascara Bark, Blue Flag Root, Rhubarb Root, Black Root, May Apple Root, Senna Leaves and Pepsin. Combines strength with palatable aromatic taste. Does not gripe. 50c

SPECIAL RALLY

DAY

EXERCISES AT THE Methodist Sunday School

Sunday, Oct. 14, at 9:30 a. m.

Harvest Home Program With Special Music

All the Friends of the School Are Most Cordially Invited to Attend.

TEACHERS' MON-

EY DELAYED

Supt. Travis Has Received The Following Letter.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct., 9th, '17.

My dear superintendent:

I am writing that you may inform your teachers that the October installment will not reach you Saturday, October 13th, as I find that there is not enough money in the school fund to quite pay this installment. This is caused, as you will understand by the failure of the railroads to pay their full assessments, as fixed by the Board of Valuation and Assessment. We will send you full installment on or before the first Saturday in November and I hope that after this, there will be no further delay in paying these installments on time.

Give this such publicity as to bring it to the attention of your teachers, so that they will be inconvenienced as little as possible.

Very truly yours,
V. O. Gilbert.
Superintendent.

MAYR'S
Wonderful Remedy
FOR
STOMACH TROUBLE
One Dose Convences
Haynes & Taylor
and other reliable druggists

The Calf Club A Success.

Monday was the October County Court day as well at the Crittenden County Boys' Calf Club day. An immense crowd was here and a big business was done in all lines by our merchants. The members of the calf club brought in their cows and those that had calves by their side.

There was 47 cows and about half as many calves, and they presented a pretty sight ranged around the court square on the

I represent the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND. We write bonds for Administrators, executors, Commissioners for sale of property, Receivers, Trustees and receivers in U. S. Bankruptcy proceedings.

Also bonds for State County and Municipal Officials. Don't embarrass your friends by asking them to endorse for you, just call us. It's a pleasure for us to sign your bond. We also sell Life Insurance, see us about an Income Policy.

E. L. Harpending,
Marion, Ky.

DEATHS

H. B. Watson received a telephone message Thursday from Clay stating his little nephew Sylvan Wallace McGraw was killed while playing near his home with his little sister Gladys Mae, a large railroad tie fell on the little ones breast killing him instantly. The funeral was preached by our pastor T. C. Carter at Union Wednesday.

Mrs. McGraw is a daughter of W. W. Watson who lives near New Salem Church. She has many friends here who sympathize with them in these their saddest hours.

Ira Milton Sutherland died Saturday morning at one o'clock at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Sutherland, on west Salem street. He had been gradually sinking since his return from Arizona two years ago, where he had been in search of health, and where he remained three years sleeping in the open air with hopes that he would escape tuberculosis.

Two years ago he gave up the fight and came home.

He was born April 28th, 1894, and was therefore in his 24th year. His parents survive him, also one brother, John, now in Oklahoma, and three sisters, Nellie, wife of Prof. J. M. Calvin, of Hickman, Ky.; and Misses Bernice and Mabel.

The funeral was conducted Sunday afternoon at the residence by his pastor, Rev. H. R. Short, and the interment followed at the New Cemetery, where a large gathering of his friends paid a last tribute of respect to one of Marion's foremost young men, a boy of high principle, great refinement and true politeness at all times.

C. S. NUNN Attorney at Law MARION, KENTUCKY Post Office Building.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine. It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure.

E. W. GROVE's signature on each box. See

Peru Recalls Officials

from Germany

Lima, Peru, Oct. 7.—The Peruvian government, which handed passports to the German minister today, ordered the Peruvian minister to Germany, A. von Der Heyde, to leave Berlin. The government also ordered the withdrawal of all the Peruvian consuls in Germany.

MUSTANG

For Sprains, Lameness, Sores, Cuts, Rheumatism Penetrates and Heals. Stops Pain At Once.

For Man and Beast

25c. 50c. \$1. At All Dealers.

LINIMENT

NOTICE.

All Magazines Periodicals and Papers are to advance. Special prices for next 30 days.

MARION NEWS AGENCY,
Belt & Grubbs, Props.

Oct. 10th, 1917.

BONDS BONDS BONDS

I represent the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND. We write bonds for Administrators, executors, Commissioners for sale of property, Receivers, Trustees and receivers in U. S. Bankruptcy proceedings.

Also bonds for State County and Municipal Officials. Don't embarrass your friends by asking them to endorse for you, just call us. It's a pleasure for us to sign your bond. We also sell Life Insurance, see us about an Income Policy.

E. L. Harpending,
Marion, Ky.

For Sale in Marion Ky.,

Haynes & Taylor.

BULGARIA WILLING TO DESERT POWERS

ANXIOUS TO RETAIN TERRITORY CONQUERED BY GERMANY'S AID, HOWEVER.

NEW TRICK OF FERDINAND

Entente Nations Will Move Carefully In All Dealings With Bulgarian Ruler—May Be Plan To Dupe Allies.

New York.—At the present time there are appearing in many places and in nearly all the allied countries suggestions and hints that a skillful diplomatic policy could now separate Bulgaria from the central powers, with obvious profit to the nations allied against Germany.

Such a propaganda unquestionably has its origin, in part, among those who are themselves loyal to the allied cause and sympathetic with Bulgaria because of real admiration for her people. Nevertheless, such propaganda should not be permitted to make converts or gain credence with a frank and fair statement of the actual situation.

It is impossible, and all allied countries and governments should recognize that it is permanently impossible, to deal with a Bulgaria ruled by Ferdinand. In the autumn of 1915 the allies had what should be a lasting lesson so far as Ferdinand's Bulgaria is concerned. Serbia was sacrificed and the Balkans lost because precisely the same influences which are now appealing on behalf of Bulgaria were listened to in London, Paris and Petrograd.

In the spring and summer of 1915 Ferdinand cleverly played with French and British diplomacy, successfully establishing the idea in the minds of the allied negotiators that he was not only neutral, but prepared to take their side. He kept up this game until Mackensen's army was ready to start through Serbia, and then he threw off his mask, mobilized and struck down Serbia.

Now, when conditions in the Balkans and everywhere else in Europe are unfavorable to the Germans, Ferdinand is quite prepared to play a new diplomatic game with those whom he deceived and tricked two years ago.

KILL 1,200 PEOPLE WITH AXES

Wholesale Slaughter of Armenians Described By President of College.

New York.—The slaughter with axes of all the Armenian faculty members of Anatolia college, Marsovan, North Asia Minor, together with 1,200 others by Turkish peasants whose pay for the work was the privilege of stripping the clothing of their victims' bodies, was described here by the Rev. George E. White, president of the college, recently returned to this country. The massacres were committed at night by order of the Turkish government, he said, the Armenians being sent out in lots of a hundred or two to their doom and their bodies rolled into prepared burial trenches.

"One group of our college boys asked permission to sing before they died, and they sang 'Nearer, My God, to Thee,' then they were struck down," Dr. White said.

NEW LIBERTY LOAN ISSUE

Secretary McAdoo Announces Details of Second Bond Sale of \$3,000,000.00 Or More.

Washington—Secretary McAdoo has announced the details of the second Liberty loan. The chief features are:

Amount—\$3,000,000.00 or more, the excess not to exceed one-half of the amount of oversubscription.

Terms of Bonds—Maturity, 25 years; redeemable at the option of the secretary of the treasury, in 10 years.

Denominations of Bonds—\$50 and multiples of \$50.

Interest Rate—Four per cent, payable semiannually on Nov. 15 and May 15.

Terms of Payment—Two per cent upon application, 18 per cent Jan. 13, 1918.

The privilege of converting bonds of this issue into bonds of any succeeding issue bearing a higher interest rate than four per cent during the period of the war is extended, and through an arrangement under which bonds will be printed with only four coupons instead of five to be exchanged at the end of two years for the bonds containing the full number of coupons, delivery will be prompt. In this manner the issue of interim certificates will be avoided.

INCREASES GASOLINE OUTPUT

Government Accepts Free Use of Kornmann Process.

San Francisco.—The United States government, it was announced, has been offered and has accepted the use of a process, discovered by Frederick A. Kornmann, San Francisco chemist, which, Kornmann said, would increase the output of the country's gasoline by twelve-fold and thus avert a national shortage, which government officials have declared is threatened.